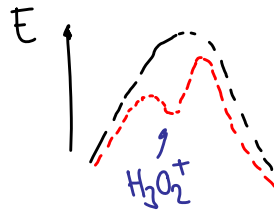
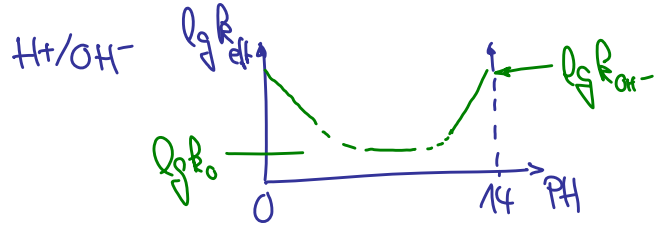


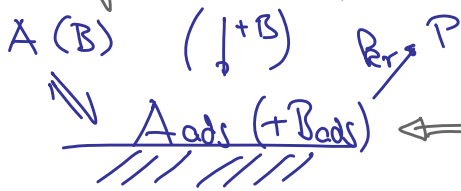
UDH homogene Katalyse
 M^+ , H^+/OH^- , Halogenide

$$v_{cat} \sim [Kat] \approx const$$



Arrhenius-Intermediat

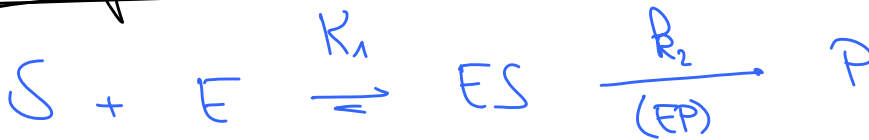
heterogene Katalyse



Θ_A, Θ_B Langmuir, BET

unimolekular: $\Theta_A = \frac{K_{APA}}{1 + K_{APA}} \Rightarrow K_{APA} \gg 1, E_A = E_r$
 $K_{APA} \ll 1, E_A = E_r + \Delta H_{ads} < 0$

C. Enzymkinetik



$$[E] = [E_0] - [ES]$$

$$[ES]' = K_1[ES]([E_0] - [ES]) - K_{-1}[ES] - K_2[ES] \approx 0$$

$$v_p = K_2 \cdot \frac{[E_0][S]}{K_M + [S]}$$

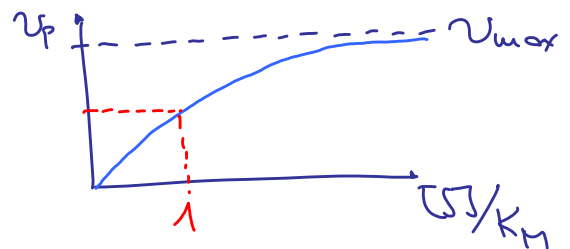
Michaelis-Menten-Gleichung

$$\Rightarrow [ES] = \frac{K_1[ES][E_0]}{K_1[ES] + K_{-1} + K_2} = \frac{[S][E_0]}{[S] + \frac{K_{-1} + K_2}{K_1}} =: K_M$$

$[S] \gg K_M$
 $v_p = K_2[E_0] \approx const =: v_{max}$ 0. Ordnung

$[S] \ll K_M$
 $v_p = \frac{K_2}{K_M} [S][E_0]$

$$v_p = v_{max} \cdot \frac{[S]}{K_M + [S]}$$



Lineweaver-Burk $\rightarrow 1/v_p \sim 1/[S]$ (s. Folien)

Wendepunkt: $R_{cat} = \frac{v_{max}}{[E_0]}$ (1/s) $1 \dots 10^6$ 1/s

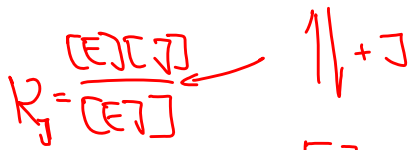
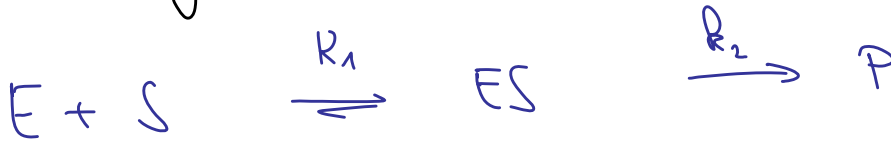
(turnover number/rate)

Katalytische Effizienz: $\eta = \frac{R_{cat}}{K_M} = \frac{R_2 \cdot R_1}{R_{-1} + R_2}$ [1/mol·s]

für $[S] \gg K_M$ ($v \rightarrow v_{max}$): $\eta = 10^9$ 1/mol·s

(Diphosphatase)

Inhibition von Enzymreaktion



Kompetitive Hemmung

unkompetitiv
JES (ESJ)

Katalytisch inaktiv

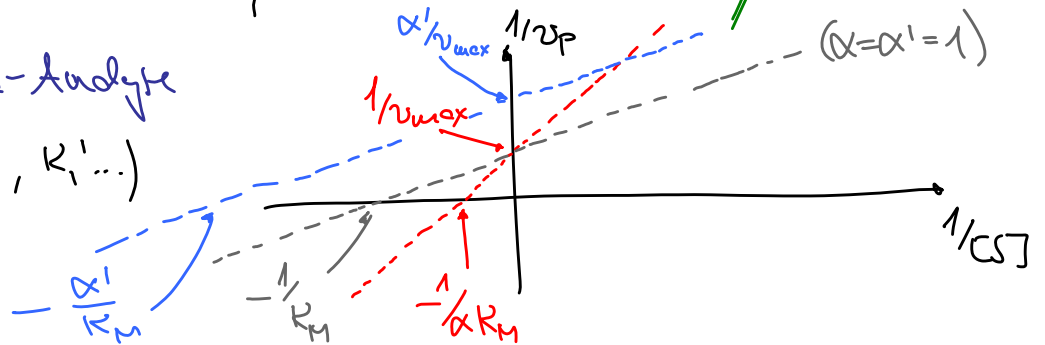
$$v_p = \frac{v_{max} [S]}{\alpha \cdot K_M + [S]}$$

$$v_p = \frac{v_{max} [S]}{K_M + \alpha' [S]}$$

nicht-kompetitiv
 $\alpha, \alpha' > 1$

\Rightarrow Lineweaver-Burk-Analyse

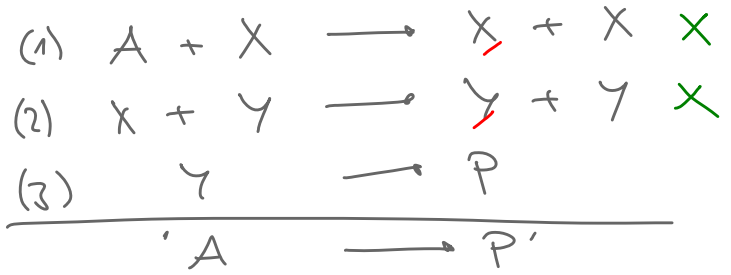
($\Rightarrow K_M, v_{max}, K_i, K_i' \dots$)



D. Oszillierende Reaktionen

LOTRA-VOLTERRA-MODELL:

- 2 Intermedie
X autokatalytisch



Intermedie:

$$[X]' = 2R_1[A][X] - R_2[X][Y]$$

"theoretisches GG": $2R_1[A][X_{eq}] = R_2[X_{eq}][Y_{eq}] \quad // : [X_{eq}]$

$$\hookrightarrow [X]' = R_2[X][Y_{eq}] - R_2[X][Y]$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \implies \left[\begin{array}{l}
 [X]'(t) = R_2[X](t) \cdot ([Y_{eq}] - [Y](t)) \\
 [Y]'(t) = 2R_2[Y](t) ([X](t) - [X_{eq}])
 \end{array} \right.
 \end{array}$$

gekoppelte DGL, \rightarrow Jacobi-Matrix
 \implies Eigenwerte

$(0,0) \implies$ GG $(t \rightarrow \infty)$

konjugiert-komplex
 $e^{i\lambda_i} = \cos t + i \sin t$

$$\implies \omega = \sqrt{R_1 R_3 [A]}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \lambda_1 = i\omega \\
 \lambda_2 = -i\omega
 \end{array}$$

